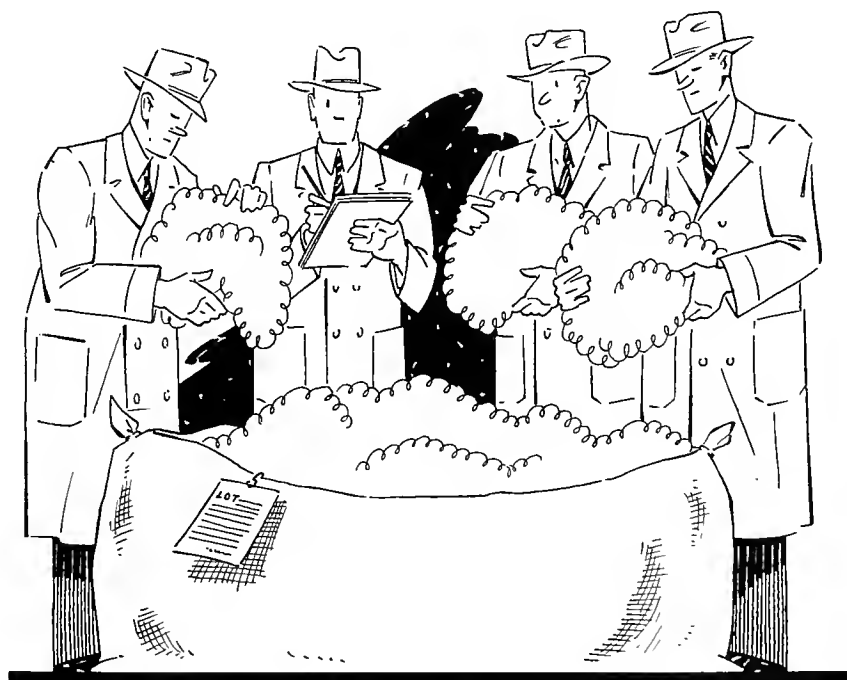


87.15
15

How much did YOUR wool bring ?



Farmer Cooperative Service
in cooperation with
Federal Extension Service

INFORMATION 15
Reprinted without change 1961
Issued 1947

U.S. Department of Agriculture

FARMER COOPERATIVE SERVICE
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

Joseph G. Knapp, Administrator

The Farmer Cooperative Service conducts research studies and service activities of assistance to farmers in connection with cooperatives engaged in marketing farm products, purchasing farm supplies, and supplying business services. The work of the Service relates to problems of management, organization, policies, merchandising, product quality, costs, efficiency, financing, and membership.

The Service publishes the results of such studies; confers and advises with officials of farmer cooperatives; and works with educational agencies, cooperatives, and others in the dissemination of information relating to cooperative principles and practices.

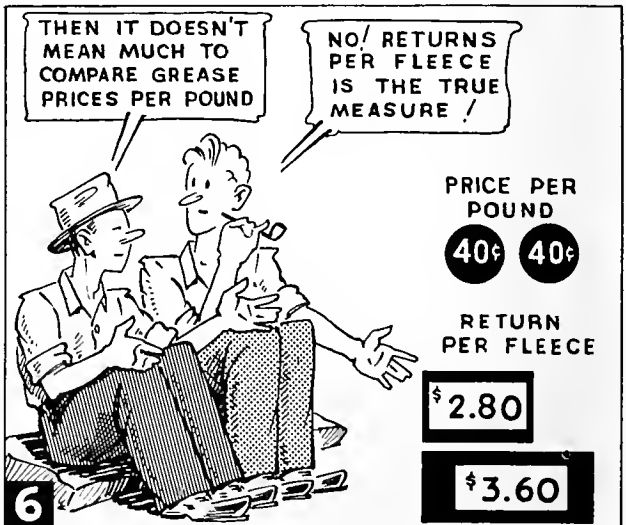
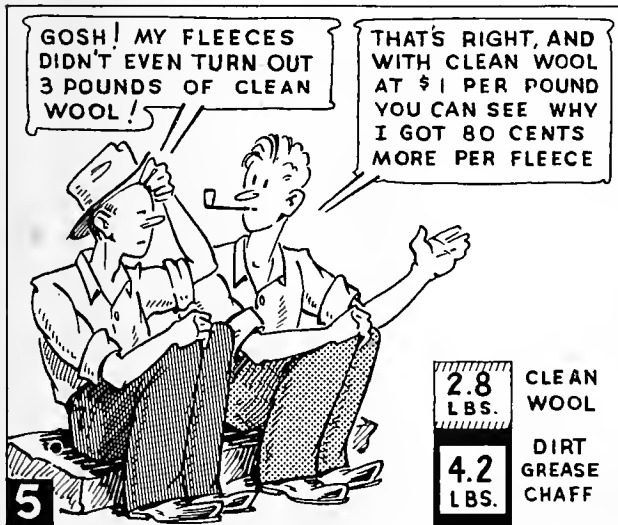
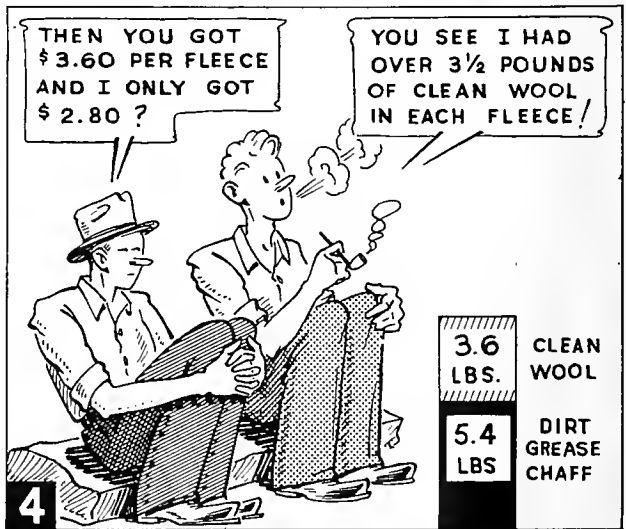
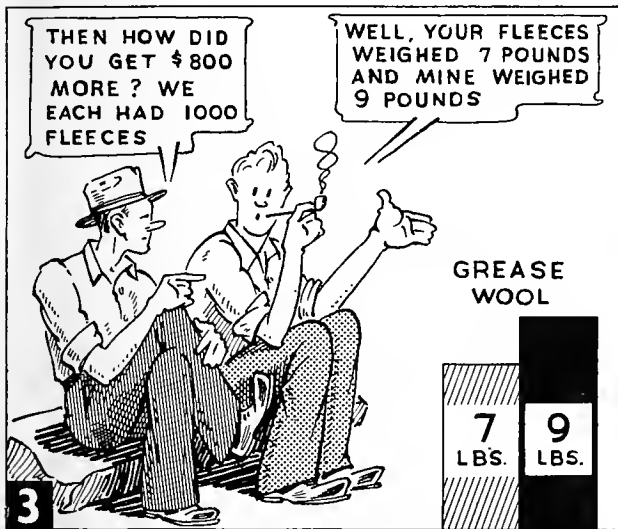
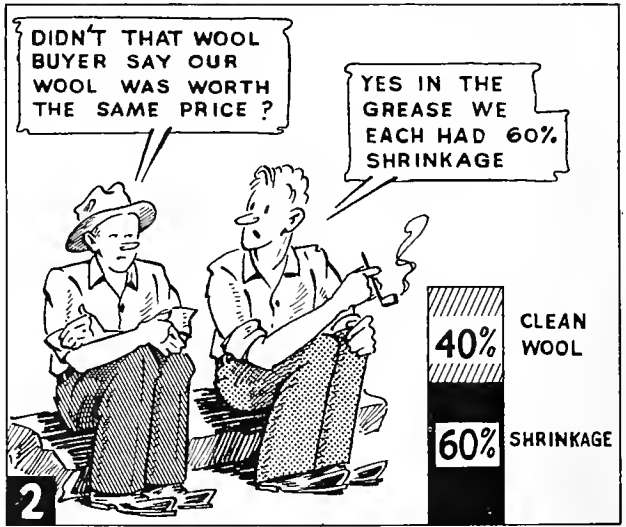
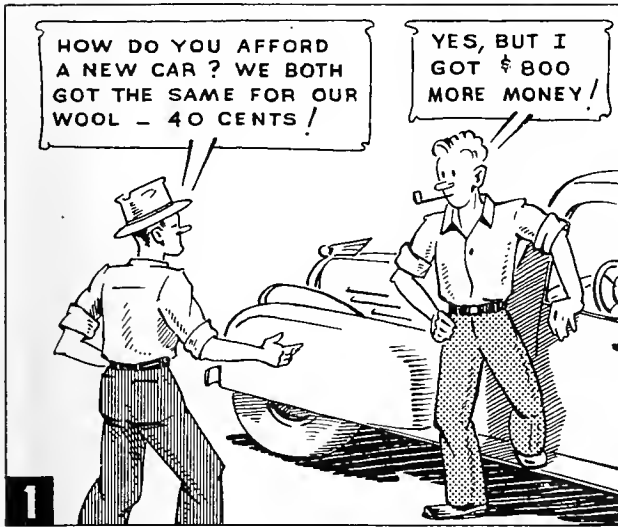
This material was first issued in 1947 by the Cooperative Research and Service Division of Farm Credit Administration (now Farmer Cooperative Service) and Federal Extension Service. J. L. Van Horn was author and T. W. Pritchard was illustrator. Both were then with the Cooperative Research and Service Division, FCA.

The information is still in demand so Farmer Cooperative Service is issuing this reprint. While figures on prices are for 1947, they can be adjusted for conditions today.

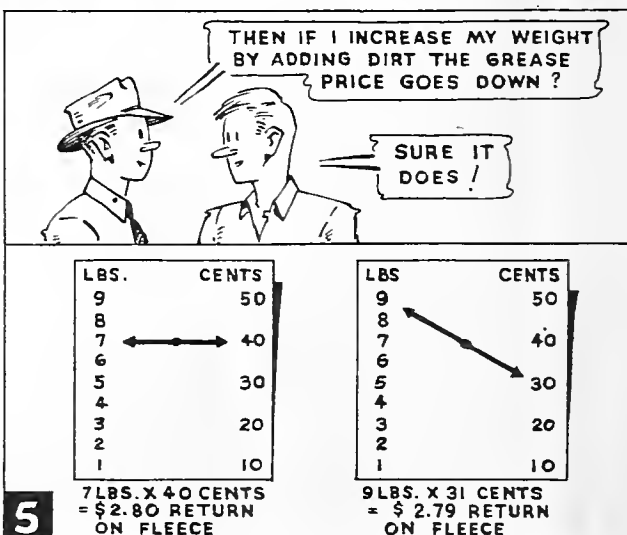
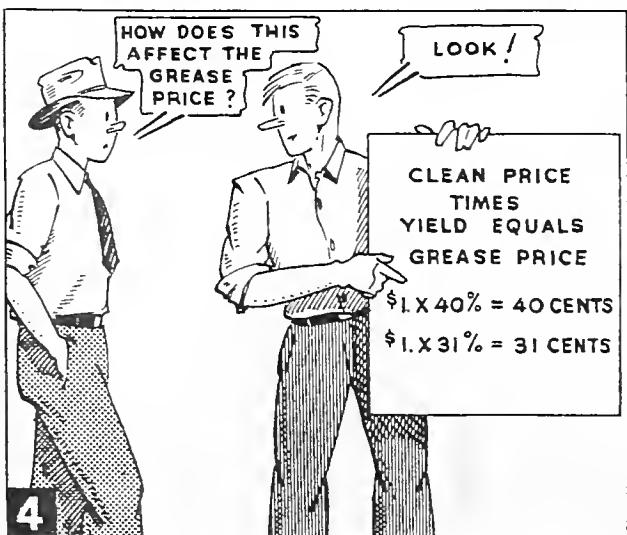
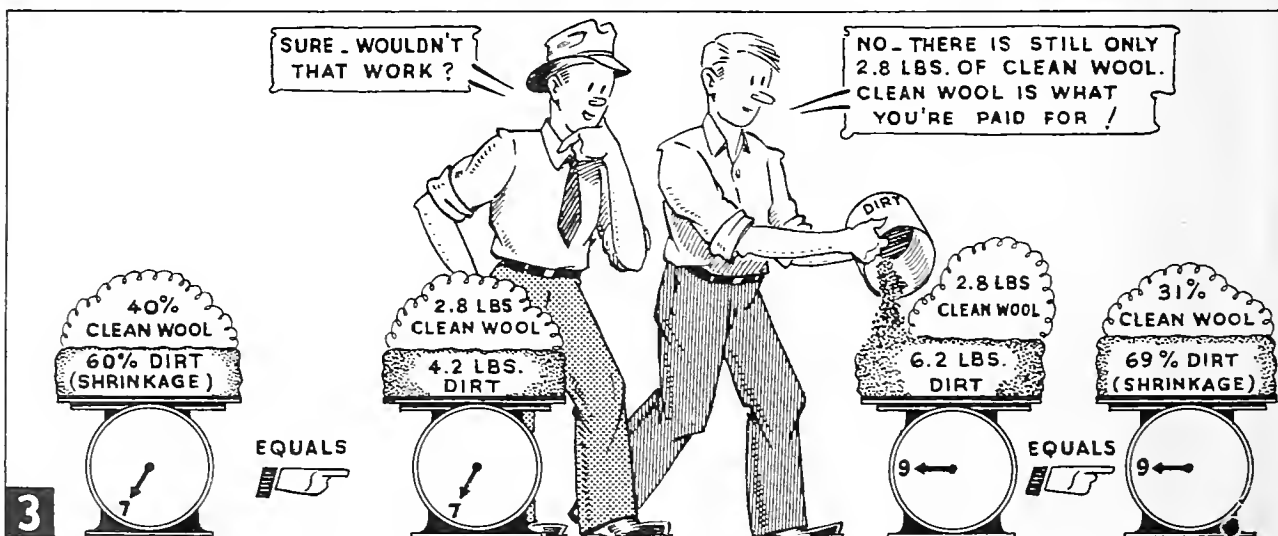
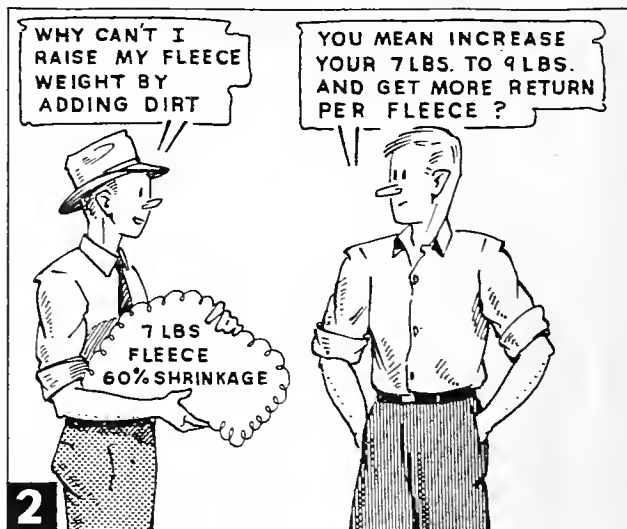
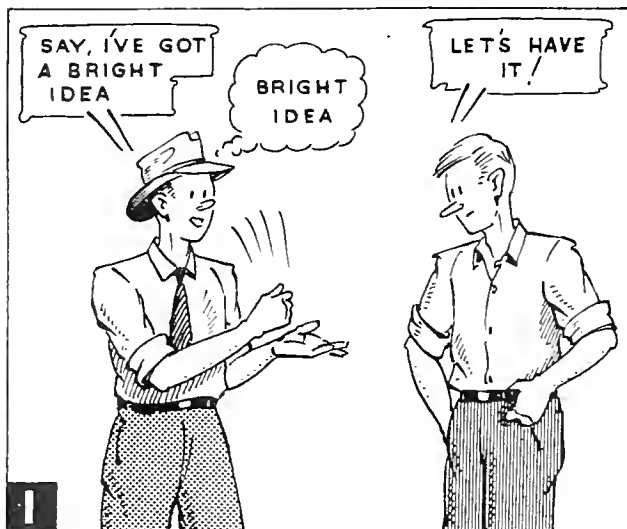
In this publication the following assumptions are made:

1. All clean wool is considered to be the same grade and quality.
2. Value of clean wool - \$1 a pound.
3. Shrinkage is considered as the percentage of foreign material in the fleece. For the sake of simplicity the writer uses the word "dirt" instead of shrinkage in some places.
4. Yield is the amount of clean wool in the fleece.

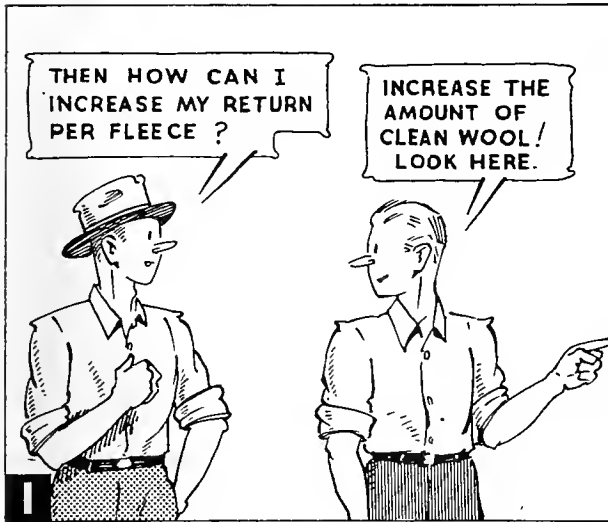
RETURN PER FLEECE DOES IT



INCREASED SHRINKAGE LOWERS GREASE VALUE

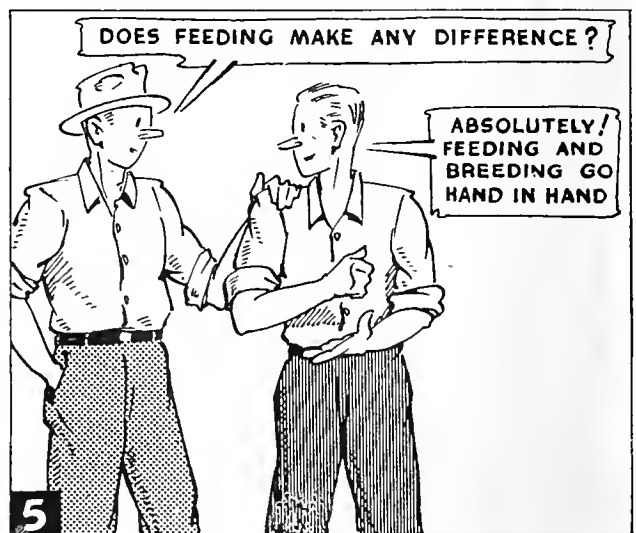
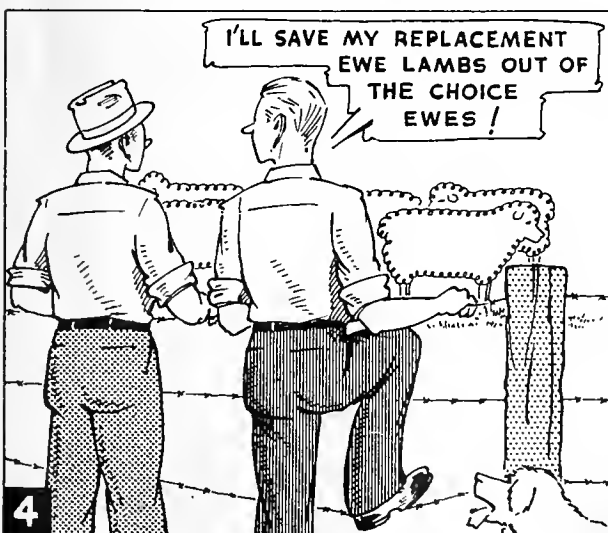
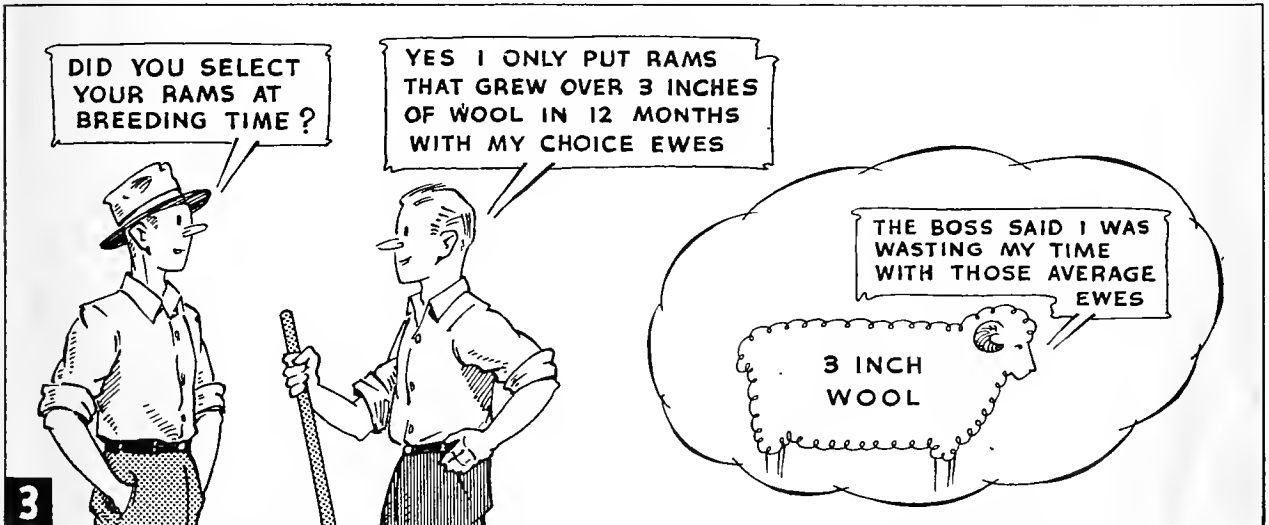


INCREASE THE AMOUNT OF CLEAN WOOL

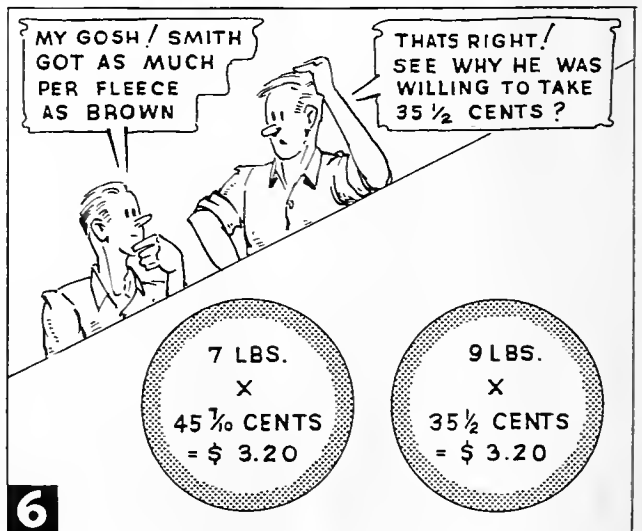
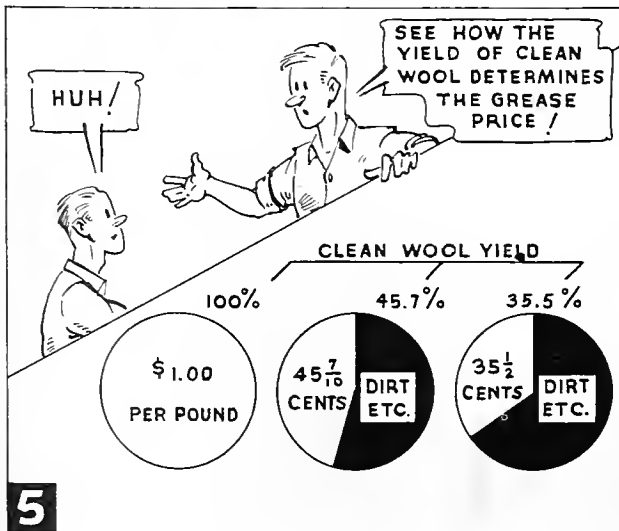
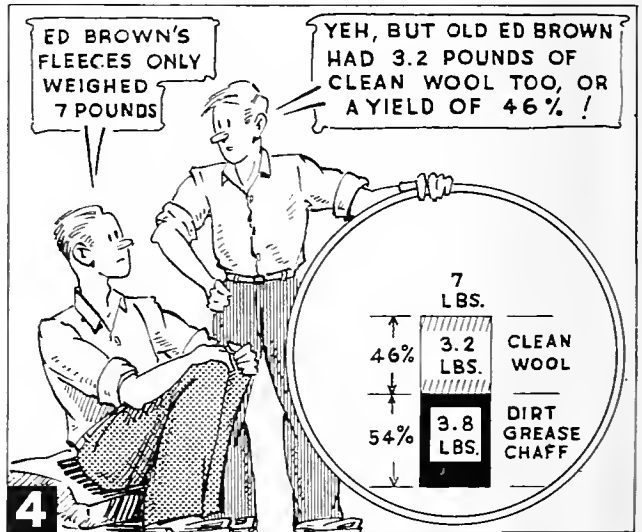
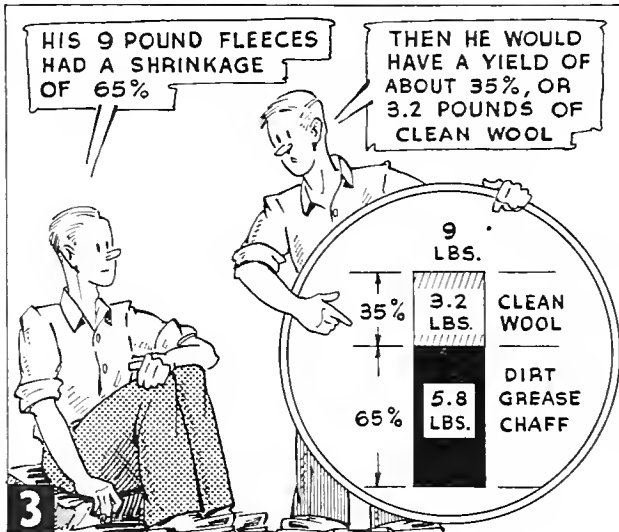
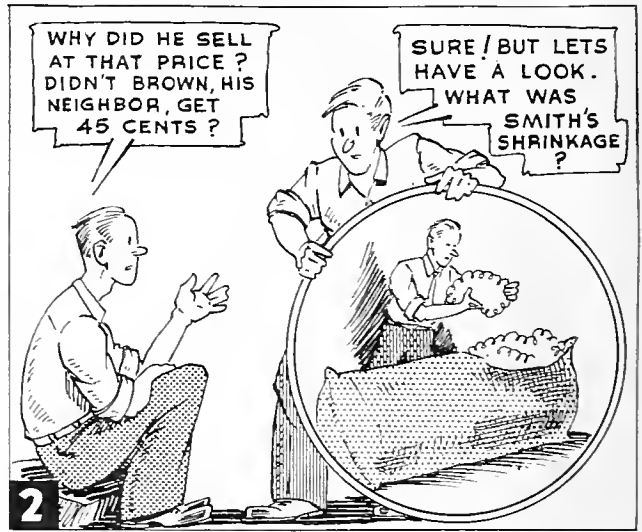
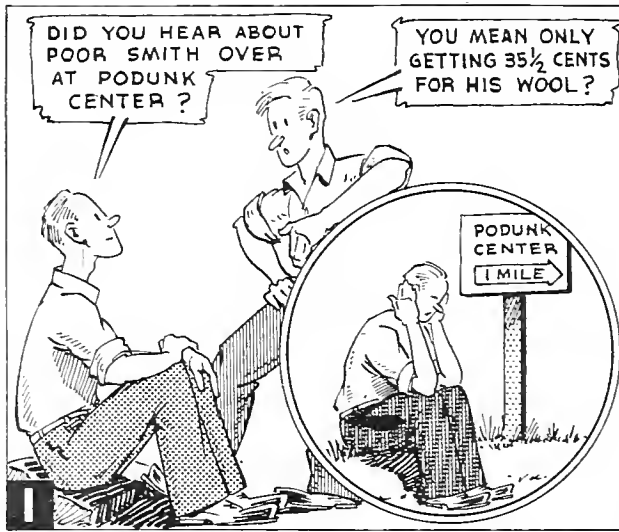


THE U.S. SHEEP EXPERIMENT STATION FOUND THAT EACH $\frac{1}{2}$ INCH INCREASE IN STAPLE LENGTH INCREASED

BREED	GRADE	CLEAN FLEECE WEIGHT (POUNDS)
RAMBOUILLET	FINE	.7
TARGHEE	$\frac{1}{2}$ BLOOD	.5
CORRIEDALE	$\frac{3}{8}$'s BLOOD	.4
COLUMBIA	$\frac{3}{8}$'s and $\frac{1}{4}$.5



PERCENT YIELD DETERMINES GREASE PRICE



AVERAGE PRICE CAN BE A PENALTY

